

High Phenol Foods

Phenolics are chemicals naturally occurring in many foods but may also be present in additives. Sensitive children have a threshold for tolerance. Parents need to monitor total load of phenols through the day to avoid tipping the child into a reaction from the accumulated phenols.

Phenolic compounds give colour, taste, flavour and smell to foods. They are also present in salicylates, amines, colours and preservatives.

High phenol foods include:

- food dyes,
- apples,
- bananas,
- oranges
- cocoa,
- milk./cheese
- carob
- tomatoes,
- peanuts,
- chocolate
- orange juice
- red grapes
- Vanillin flavour
- Strong odours

Typical possible reactions to an over accumulation of phenolic foods in a sensitive child may include some of the following:

- Red ears and/or face
- Night sweats
- Smelly head /bed/stools-acrid
- Bloated stomach, rash, thirst
- Poor toxin removal
- Poor tolerance of high phenol foods
- Dark circles under the eyes
- Hyperactivity, aggression
- Headache, head banging or other self-injury
- Inappropriate laughter
- Difficulty falling asleep at night, and night waking for several hours